

## Annex 1

### Overview of equipment used for analyzing metabolic physiology in mice and rats

#### 【Major items to be analyzed and/or measured】

- 1) Energy intake and expenditure in free-moving animals
- 2) Body temperature, heart rate, and blood pressure in free-moving animals
- 3) Non-invasive 4-dimensional cardiac function and capillary blood flow imaging using anesthetized mice
- 4) Mouse temperature preference assays using a thermal gradient ring
- 5) Evaluation of behaviors related to emotions, learning, and memories
- 6) Multicellular activity measurement and manipulation in vivo
- 7) Functional analysis of neuroimmune interactions in mouse models of diseases

#### 【Equipment】

- Device for simultaneously measuring energy metabolism and activity of small animals using mass spectrometry (Arco System, Shinfactory, for mice)
- Brain wave-measuring apparatus (Nihon Kohden, AB611J)
- Electromyograph (Nihon Kohden, AB611J)
- Telemetry automatic measurement system for chronic experiments (Harvard Bioscience, mouse, rat, etc.)
- Olympus FV100, 4D ultrasound imaging device VEVO3100 (Primetech Corporation, for mice)
- Isolated heart perfusion system (Primetech Corporation, for mice and rats)
- Thermal Gradient Ring (Ugo Basile, for mice)
- Open field test analyzer (Section of Instrument Design Room of NIPS and other, for mice)
- Light/dark transition test device (O'HARA, for mice)
- Barnes circular maze test device (O'HARA, for mice)
- Elevated plus-maze test analyzer (Section of Instrument Design Room of NIPS and other, for mice)
- Forced swimming test analyzer (Section of Instrument Design Room of NIPS and other, for mice)
- Rotarod test analyzer (Ugo Basile, for mice RotaRod NG, 47650)
- Passive avoidance test analyzer (O'HARA, for mice)
- Fear conditioning test analyzer (O'HARA and other, for mice)
- Morris water maze pool (O'HARA and other, for mice)
- Nikon A1MP + holographic microscope (Nikon & Division of Multicellular Circuit Dynamics, for mice and rats)
- X-ray irradiation device (MediXtec, for mice and cells)

## ANNEX 2

### Overview of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanners

Performance and features of the MRI scanner installed at the NIPS Supportive Center for Brain Research (two Verio scanners, 2009, Siemens Co.; one 7-T scanner, 2014, Siemens Co., Ltd.)

#### Verio

##### 1. Superconducting magnet

- 1) Magnetic field strength: 3 Tesla, magnet inner diameter 70 cm
- 2) Magnetic field uniformity: 0.03 ppm or less (spherical range with a diameter of 20 cm, volume residual mean squared method)
- 3) Shimming: Active + passive shimming, automatic shimming for each subject
- 4) Liquid helium evaporation: 0.01 L/year or less

##### 2. Imaging functions

- 1) Nuclei:  $^1\text{H}$
- 2) Pulse sequence: echo planar imaging, turbo spin echo imaging, etc.
- 3) Slice direction: axial, sagittal, coronal, oblique
- 4) Min. slice thickness: 1 mm (2-dimensional imaging), 0.3 mm (3-dimensional imaging)
- 5) Gradient magnetic field: 45 mTesla/m, rise time 0.225 ms
- 6) Probe: 32-channel head coil, circular polarized body coil, etc.
- 7) Data processing device: Automatically saves obtained images in DICOM format via Windows network
- 8) Other functions: T1, T2, T2\*, proton density-weighted images, MR angiography, diffusion-weighted image, image statistical processing software, communication mediation relay system for simultaneously measuring neural activity during interaction between two individuals

#### 7-T MRI

##### 1. Superconducting magnet

- 1) Magnetic field strength: 7 Tesla, magnet inner diameter 60 cm
- 2) Magnetic field uniformity : 1 ppm or less (spherical range with a diameter of 25 cm, volume residual mean squared method)
- 3) Shimming: Active + passive shimming, automatic shimming for each subject
- 4) Liquid helium evaporation: 0.01 L/year or less

##### 2. Imaging functions

- 1) Nuclei:  $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{17}\text{O}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $^{23}\text{Na}$ ,  $^{31}\text{P}$

- 2) Pulse sequence: echo planar imaging, turbo spin echo imaging etc.
- 3) Slice dimensions: axial, sagittal, coronal, oblique
- 4) Min. slice thickness: 0.5 mm (2-dimensional imaging), 0.05 mm (3-dimensional imaging)
- 5) Gradient magnetic field: 70 mTesla/m, rise time 0.350 ms
- 6) Probe: 32-channel receive-only head coil ( $^1\text{H}$ ), circular polarized transmit/receive head coil ( $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{23}\text{Na}$ ,  $^{31}\text{P}$ ), transmit/receive surface coil ( $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{17}\text{O}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$ ), etc.
- 7) Data processing device: Automatically saves obtained images in DICOM format via Windows network
- 8) Other functions: T1, T2, T2\*, proton density-weighted images, MR angiography, diffusion-weighted image, image statistical processing software